Objectives for biological microscopes



Objectives for biological microscopes



The Ultimate in Optical Performance and System Flexibility

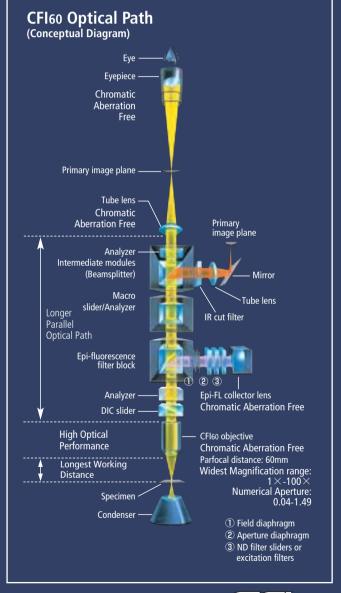
Nikon had two distinct goals in mind when creating its CFI60 optical system for advanced biological research microscopes: 1. To dramatically improve optical performance.

2. To boost overall flexibility of the microscope as a system and increase the performance when various microscope attachments and accessories are used.

To achieve this end, Nikon created a completely new standard for its CFI60 objectives.

By using a tube lens focal length of 200mm and objectives having a parfocal distance of 60mm with a larger diameter by using a thread size of 25mm, Nikon succeeded in realizing both higher NA and longer working distances than ever before. In these revolutionary optics, both axial and lateral chromatic aberration have been corrected independently in the objective and the tube lens to produce flat images with excellent color reproduction, without the aid of other components. The 200mm tube lens creates a smaller angle between light rays passing through the center and those off axis. This minimizes shifts between the two light rays when passing through the fluorescence filter cube and DIC prism, dramatically improving contrast during DIC and epi-fluorescence microscopy. Nikon also designed objectives that curtail auto-fluorescence and flair to create greater contrast during epi-fluorescence observations.

With an array of innovative features, Nikon's CFI60 optical system delivers top-notch performance, enabling their use in increasingly sophisticated biological research.







New Series of Objectives Created with Nikon's Accumulated Optical Technologies

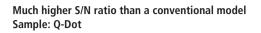
CFI Apochromat TIRF Series

Objectives with an unparalleled NA of 1.49

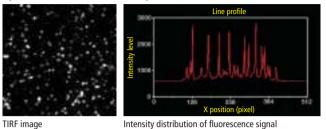
- Because of the unprecedented NA of 1.49—for use with a standard coverslip and immersion oil—these objectives enable the acquisition of bright, high S/N ratio images; so they are suitable for TIRF observation and live cell imaging.
- Both the 60x and 100x lenses utilize the spherical aberration correction ring to reduce deterioration in image guality caused by deviations in cover glass thickness or temperature fluctuations and provide optimal optical performance even at 37°C.
- High NA and correction ring allow acquisition of high-resolution, high S/N ratio images during TIRF observation, episcopic or confocal fluorescence observation as well as Nomarski DIC observation.
- The 100x objective can be optimally applied for laser tweezers microscopy.



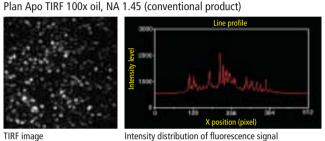
CFI Apo TIRF 60x oil, NA 1.49 CELApo TIRE 100x oil, NA 1.49

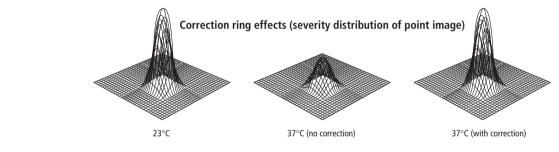


Apo TIRF 100x oil. NA 1.49 (new product)









Fluor ADH 100x oil objective.

High-sensitivity Apodization Objective for Phase Contrast

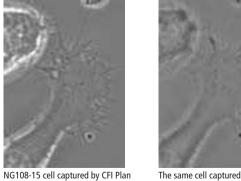
Contrast doubled by reduction in halo

- The employment of an apodization phase ring reduces halo, which lowers the quality of phase contrast images. This improves the contrast of images to twice that achieved by a conventional product. This lens enables highresolution observation of the minute structure in an unstained, low-contrast intracellular structure.
- With its high NA, this lens is also suitable for fluorescence observation.
- This lens is suitable for observation of the unstained structure and organelle of cultured cells as well as time-lapse observation of mitochondrial transport, growth cone and stress fiber.



CFI Plan Fluor ADH 100x oil, NA 1.30





The same cell captured by conventional phase contrast objective (CFI Plan Fluor DLL 100x oil).

Images: from The 29th Optics Symposium (2004, Tokyo) 43-46 Cooperation: Dr. Kaoru Kato, Neuroscience Research Institute, The National Institute of Advanced Industrial Science and Technology (AIST)

References: Kaoru Kato, Tatsuro Ohtaki, Motohiro Suzuki (2004) Biophysics Vol 44, No 6, 260-264

CFI Plan Apochromat VC Series

Essential for confocal observation such as DAPI

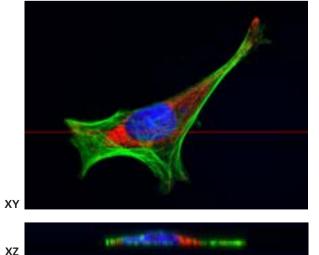
- Top performance objectives with perfect correction of chromatic aberrations in the visible light range and excellent resolution throughout the view field.
- Perfect choice for multi-stained, fluorescence specimens and for brightfield and DIC observation.
- In addition to the correction range of the conventional Plan Apochromat series (435–660nm), axial chromatic aberration has been corrected up to the violet range (405nm), making these objectives highly effective for confocal applications.
- Observation of images with excellent brightness throughout the view field by minimizing the light loss around the edges and increasing resolution—a critical criterion for digital-image capturing.
- The 60x water-immersion type features high spectral transmittance, even in the 360nm wavelength ultra-violet range, making it perfect for fluorescence observation of living organisms.



CFI Plan Apo VC 60x oil, NA 1.40 CFI Plan Apo VC 60x WI, NA 1.20 CFI Plan Apo VC 100x oil, NA 1.40 CFI Plan Apo VC 20x, NA 0.75 New

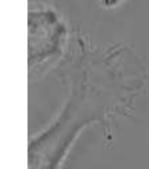
Comparison of conventional lens and VC objective lens

With the conventional objective, DAPI fluorescence (blue) image may shift in the Z-axis direction due to axial chromatic aberration. With VC objective lens, on the other hand, as axial chromatic aberration has been corrected up to the violet range, DAPI fluorescence (blue) image shift in Z-axis direction is corrected and it is clearly seen that nucleus stained with DAPI is properly in a cell.

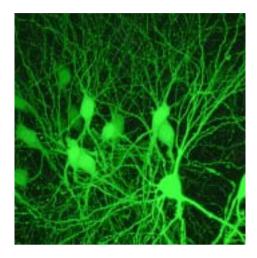


VC objective lens





Water-immersion type CFI Plan Apo VC 60x WI objective is perfect for confocal observation of deep tissue

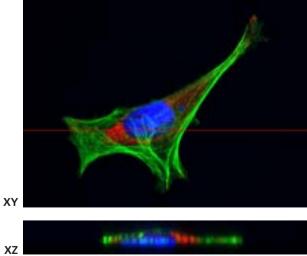




Overlaid consecutive cross-sectional scan within 108µm thickness range of a brain slice with neuronal cells expressing GFP.

Image courtesy of:

Professor Shigeo Okabe and Tatsuva Umeda, Department of Cell Biology, School of Medicine, Tokyo Medical and Dental University



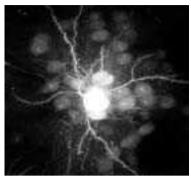
Conventional objective lens

Water-immersion Objective Lens Series

New design for enhanced operability

- Long W.D. and high NA at any magnification.
- Sharper tips and broad approach angles provide improved accessibility for manipulator control.
- Aberrations are corrected even in the infra-red range with the highmagnification objectives, making them suitable for multi-photon imaging using infra-red light.
- 100xW objective with a correction ring that corrects spherical aberration induced by imaging depth or temperature fluctuations. With excellent infrared transmission, this lens assures best quality images of even a thick specimen.





Images courtesv of Hiroyuki Hakozaki MS, Ellisman Laboratory, University of California, San Diego, Center for Research in Biological Structure, National Center for Microscopy & Imaging Research (NCMIR)

• Ultrawide field of view of 2mm

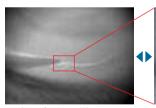
positioning easy.

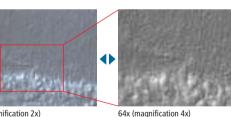
CFI Plan Fluor 10x W, NA 0.3, W.D. 3.5mm CEI75 I WD 16x W NA 0.8 W D 3.0mm CFI Apo 40x W NIR, NA 0.8, W.D. 3.5mm CFI Apo 60x W NIR, NA 1.0, W.D. 2.8mm CELPIan 100x W NA 1 1 W D 2 5mm

Water-immersion objective lens with low magnification, high NA and long working distance CFI75 LWD 16xW

Single objective covers a wide range of magnifications

- The 16x objective lens, when combined with FN1 microscope and dedicated magnification module, provides 5.6x, 32x, and 64x magnifications. As it allows observation from a low magnification wide field to a high magnification high resolution field with single objective, the lens is ideal for patch-clamp experiments.
- With excellent IR transmission, this lens is also suitable for IR-DIC observation.
- With its high NA, the 16x objective provides superb image quality in combination with confocal laser microscopes





5.6x (magnification 0.35x) Images courtesy of:

32x (magnification 2x)

Dr. Hiroyoshi Miyakawa, Dr. Shigeo Watanabe, Tokyo University of Pharmacy and Life Science

CFI Apochromat λ **S** Series

Ideal objectives for confocal imaging

- Fine correction of chromatic aberration and high transmission—enhanced with Nano Crystal Coating—cover a wide range of near-ultraviolet to nearinfrared light.
- CFI Apo 40xWI λ S has an NA of 1.25, the world's highest for a 40x water immersion objective.

CFI Apo 40xWI λS, NA 1.25 CFI Apo LWD 40xWI λS, NA 1.15 CFI Apo 60xH λS, NA 1.4



16x objective can be used only in combination with a FN1 microscope and single objective holder.



Objectives for brightfield observation



CFI Plan Apochromat Series

This series features longer working distances with high NA and is designed to correct all optical aberrations throughout the visible spectrum from violet to red from center to edges across the entire 25mm field of view. Superior image flatness and color reproduction, plus resolving power at the theoretical limit of today's optical technology are also featured.



CFI S Fluor Series

This CFI S Fluor series ensures a high transmission rate of ultraviolet wavelengths down to 340 nm for fluorochromes like indo-1, fura-2, and fluo-3. Also, these objectives have improved S/N ratios for short wavelengths and have high NA, making the fluorescence images they produce significantly sharper and brighter.



CFI Achromat Series

Correction of chromatic aberration, spherical aberration and coma has been dramatically improved, with significantly better image flatness across the 22mm field of view.



CFI Plan Fluor Series

Featuring an extra-high transmission rate, especially in the ultraviolet wavelength, and flatness of field, this series is designed for fluorescence observation and imaging. These objectives can function as multi-purpose objectives for brightfield, fluorescence, polarizing, and DIC observations.



CFI Plan Achromat Series

Nikon's CFI Plan Achromat series provides incredible image flatness over the entire 25mm field of view, with chromatic aberration corrected throughout the entire visible spectrum. These objectives are suitable not only for observation but also for capturing images.

Objectives for advanced modulation contrast observation



CFI S Plan Fluor ELWD NAMC series





CFI Achromat NAMC series

Nikon Advanced Modulation Contrast

Nikon has developed dedicated objectives for advanced modulation contrast. Colorless and transparent samples can be observed in high relief with a plastic dish, which is not possible in DIC observation. The direction of contrast can be matched to S Plan Fluor ELWD NAMC objectives, thereby allowing optimal contrast selection for techniques like microinjection and ICSI.

Objectives for phase contrast observation



CFI Plan Apochromat Series for Phase Contrast

Correction for chromatic aberration has been improved and now extends across the entire visible spectrum to include the violet wavelength. High NA with longer working distances, comprehensive aberration correction, and superior flatness of field of view make these lenses ideal for the most demanding research projects.



CFI Plan Achromat Series for Phase Contrast Nikon's CFI Plan Achromat series provides incredible image flatness over the entire 25mm field of view, with chromatic aberration corrected throughout the entire visible spectrum. With incredible image sharpness, these objectives can be used for laboratory work as well as exacting research.

Objectives for apodized phase contrast observation



Apodized Phase Contrast Series

Nikon specifically developed this series for phase contrast observations by using its proprietary Apodization process to improve the objective's phase ring. Cell division activities taking place within a specimen—hitherto often obscured by unwanted halos—can now be observed more clearly.



CFI Plan Fluor Series for Phase Contrast

These objectives are multi-purpose; they can be used for brightfield, fluorescence, or phase contrast observations. They facilitate highguality fluorescence observation and provide exceptionally detailed resolution of minute structures in phase contrast. The use of phase contrast to find the desired portion of the specimen before switching to fluorescence observation is an excellent way to minimize fluorescence photo bleaching.



CFI Achromat Series for Phase Contrast Correction for chromatic aberration in this series has been

dramatically improved and is now at the same level as the CFI Plan Achromat Series. These objectives now boast performance far outstripping their cost.

Objectives for inverted microscope Ti



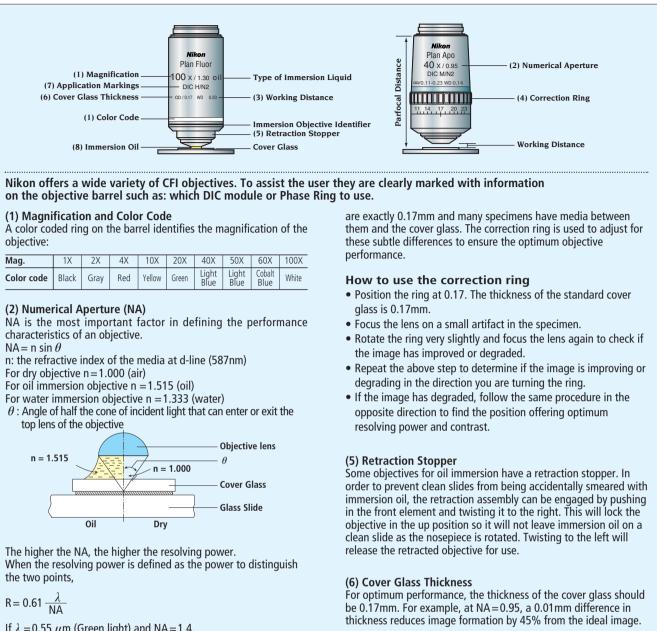
For brightfield observation



For phase contrast observation

CFI S Plan Fluor ELWD Series

Newly developed broadband multilayer coating realizes high transmittance from near-ultraviolet (Ca2+) to near-infrared wavelengths, with improved chromatic correction. The correction collar ring allows these objectives to be used with a diverse range of culture vessels and specimen thicknesses. High-quality images with no aberrations can be obtained under a broad range of illumination techniques.



If $\lambda = 0.55 \,\mu$ m (Green light) and NA = 1.4, resolving power (R) = 0.61 $\frac{0.55}{1.4}$ = 0.24 μ m The higher NA the brighter image we take.

Brightness: $B \propto \left\{ \frac{NA}{Total Magnification} \right\}$

The higher NA, the shallower the depth of focus (DOF).

 $DOF = \frac{n \lambda}{2NA^2}$

(3) Working Distance

Working distance (W.D.) defines the distance between the top lens of the objective and the surface of the cover glass. CFI60 objectives can offer longer working distance with high numerical aperture.

(4) Correction Ring

Dry objectives with high Numerical Aperture are susceptible to spherical and other aberrations which can impair resolution and contrast when used with a cover glass whose thickness differs from the specified value. A 1 $^{1}/_{2}$ cover glass (0.17mm thick) should be used as standard, however not all 11/2 cover glasses

	Difference in cover glass thickness								
NA	0.01mm	0.02mm							
0.3	100%	100%							
0.45	100	100							
0.7	98	92							
0.85	81	43							
0.95	45	29							

(7) Application Markings

DIC: for differential interference contrast DM: for phase contrast, dark contrast middle type DL: for phase contrast, dark contrast light type DLL: for phase contrast, lower contrast type P: for polarizing NCG: for use without cover glass

(8) Immersion Oil

After using immersion oil, gently blot the lens dry with lens tissue. Then slightly moisten a piece of lens tissue with petroleum benzene (Naphtha) and clean off all traces of the oil from the immersion objective. Cleaning is essential for water immersion objectives as well; after use, wipe the water off the top lens.

CFI60 Objectives

Type	Use	Model	Immersion	NA	W.D. (mm)	Cover glass	Correction ring	Spring loaded	Brightfield	Darkfield	DIC	Phase contrast	Polarizing	Fluoresc		Ti-E PFS
÷.		4x				thickness	ring	IUdueu				contrast		Visible light	UV	FF3
				0.10	30.00	_			0					0		
		10x LWD 20x		0.25	7.00 3.90	0.17			0							-
				0.40	0.65	0.17		1	0					0		-
	Brightfield (CFI)	40x LWD 40xC		0.65	2.7-1.7	0.17		~	0					0		
		60x		0.55	0.30	0-2.0	~	1	0					0		+
		100xH	Oil	1.25	0.30	0.17		✓ ✓	0	•				0		+
		100xSH (with iris)	Oil	0.5-1.25	0.23	0.17		✓ ✓	0	0				0		+
		P 4x	UII	0.5-1.25	30.00	0.17		V	0					0		+
		P 10x		0.10	7.00	_			0				0	0		+
	Polarizing	LWD P 20x		0.25	3.90	0.17			0					0		+
	(CFI)	P 40x		0.40	0.65	0.17		1	0				0	0		+
at		P 100xH	Oil	1.25	0.65	0.17		✓ ✓	0					0		+
Achromat		DL 10x	UII	0.25	7.00	0.17		~	0			© PH1				+
hr		LWD DL 20x		0.25	3.90	0.17			0			© PH1				+
Ř		LWD DL 20x		0.40	3.90	1.2			0			© PH1				
	Phase	DL 40x		0.40	0.65	0.17		1	0	0		© PH1 © PH2				
	contrast (CFI)	LWD DL 40x		0.65	2.7-1.7	0.17		~	0			© PH2 © PH2				
	(0.1)	DL 100xH	Oil	1.25	0.23	0-2.0	v	1	0			© PH2 © PH3				+
		BM 10x	UI	0.25	7.00	0.17		✓	0			© PH3 © PH1				-
		ADL 10x		0.25	6.20	1.2			0			© PH1				-
	Apodized											-				-
	phase contrast	LWD ADL 20xF LWD ADL 40x F		0.40	3.10 2.10	1.2 1.2			0			© PH1 © PH1				+
	(CFI)			0.55												-
	. ,	LWD ADL 40xC		0.55	2.7-1.7	0-2.0	1		0	00		O PH2				
	Advanced modulation	NAMC 10x		0.25	6.20	1.2			0							
	contrast	LWD NAMC 20xF		0.40	3.10	1.2			0							
	(CFI)	LWD NAMC 40xC		0.55	2.7-1.7	0-2.0	1									
	Brightfield (CFI Plan)	UW 1x		0.04	3.20				0							_
		UW 2x		0.06	7.50	_			0							<u> </u>
		4x		0.10	30.00				0					0		<u> </u>
		10x		0.25	10.50	_			0					0		<u> </u>
		20x		0.40	1.20	0.17			0	00				0		_
		40x		0.65	0.56	0.17		/	0	0				0		<u> </u>
at		50xH	Oil	0.90	NCG0.35	_		/	0	•				0		<u> </u>
ů		100xH	Oil	1.25	0.20	0.17		1	0			0		0		<u> </u>
ch	Phase	DL 10x		0.25	10.50	_			0			© PH1		Δ		<u> </u>
Plan Achromat	contrast	DL 20x		0.40	1.20	0.17			0	00		O PH1		Δ		_
Pla	(CFI Plan)	DL 40x		0.65	0.56	0.17		1	0	0•		© PH2		Δ		<u> </u>
		DL 100xH	Oil	1.25	0.20	0.17		/	0	~		© PH3		Δ		_
	No cover	NCG 40x		0.65	0.48	0		1	0	00				0		<u> </u>
	glass (CFI Plan)	NCG 60x (CF objective)*2		0.85	0.35	0		1	0	•			Δ	0		_
	(CFI Plan)	NCG 100x		0.90	0.26	0		1	0	•				0		_
	Super long	SLWD 20x		0.35	24.00	0			0	00				0		_
	WD (CFI L	SLWD 50x		0.45	17.00	0			0	0				0		_
	Plan EPI)	SLWD 100x		0.70	6.50	0			0	0				0		<u> </u>
	Brightfield	ELWD 20xC		0.45	8.2-6.9	0-2.0	1		0	00	0		0	0	0	•
	(CFI S Plan	ELWD 40xC		0.60	3.6-2.8	0-2.0	1		0	00	0		0	0	0	•
°r	Fluor)	ELWD 60xC		0.70	2.6-1.8	0.1-1.3	1		0	0	0	-	0	0	0	
Ē	Apodized phase	ELWD ADM 20xC		0.45	8.2-6.9	0-2.0	1		0	0		© PH1		0	0	
S Plan Fluor*3	contrast (CFI	ELWD ADM 40xC		0.60	3.6-2.8	0-2.0	1		0	0		© PH2		0	0	•
SF	S Plan Fluor)	ELWD ADL 60xC		0.70	2.6-1.8	0.1-1.3	1		0	0•		O PH2		0	0	
	Advanced modulation contrast	ELWD NAMC 20xC		0.45	7.40	0-2.0	1		0					0		
	(CFI S Plan Fluor)	ELWD NAMC 40xC		0.60	3.10	0-2.0	1		0					0	_	
		4x		0.20	15.50	—			0					0	O Wide	
*4	Drinktink	10x		0.50	1.20	0.17		1	0	0•	0			0	O Wide	-
uor	Brightfield (CFI S	20x		0.75	1.00	0.17		1	0	0	0			0	O Wide	
S Fluor*4	Fluor)	40x		0.90	0.30	0.11-0.23	1	1	0		0			0	O Wide	
55		40xH	Oil	1.30	0.22	0.17		√w/stopper	0		0			0	O Wide	
		100xSH (with iris)	Oil	0.5-1.3	0.20	0.17		1	O	0•			Δ	0	O Wide	
luor	No cover	Р 5х		0.15	23.50	—			O				0	0	0	
Universal Plan Fluor	glass	P 10x		0.30	17.50	0			0	Δ			0	0	0	
al Plé	polarizing	P 20x		0.45	4.50	0			O	0•			O	0	0	
ersa	(CFI LU Plan	P 50x		0.80	1.00	0		1	0	•			0	0	0	
/ers	Fluor EPI)	P 100x		0.90	1.00	0	1	1	0				0	0	0	

1 Available soon
*2 To use with the CFI60 optics microscope (not possible in E400), an objective conversion adapter is necessary.
*3 Axial chromatic aberration is corrected in shorter wavelength ranges than the Plan Fluor series to improve image clarity.
*4 Transmits an ultraviolet light up to a 340nm wavelength
*5 Dedicated for FN1 (CFI75 objective)

Note 1. Model numbers The below letters, when attached to the end of model numbers, indicate the respective features.

H: oil immersion type F: for use with 1.2mm-thick cover glass C: with correction ring NCG: for use without cover glass

SH: with ins WI: water immersion type W: water dipping type Mi: multi immersion (oil, water, glycerin) type

Note 2. Cover glass thickness — : can be used without cover glass 0: use without cover glass

Note 3. Darkfield microscopy Possible with the following △: universal condenser (dry) and darkfield ring ○: above and darkfield condenser (dry) ●: darkfield condenser (oil)

(

Be	Use	Model	Immersion	NA	W.D.	Cover glass	Correction	Spring	Brightfield	Darkfield	DIC	IC Phase contrast	Polarizing	Fluorescence		Ti-E
Iype	036	Model	IIIIIIIeisioii	INA	(mm)	thickness	ring	loaded	Drightheiu	Darkileiu	DIC			Visible light	UV	
		4x		0.13	17.10	-			0				Δ	O	O	
		10x		0.30	16.00	0.17			0	\triangle	0		0	0	O	
		20x		0.50	2.10	0.17			0	0	0		0	0	0	
	5.1.0.11	20xA MI	Oil, water, glycerin	0.75	0.51-0.35 0.51-0.34 0.49-0.33	0-0.17	1	1	0	0	0		0	O	O	
	Brightfield (CFI Plan	40x		0.75	0.66	0.17		1	0	$\bigcirc \bullet$	0		0	0	O	
	Fluor)	40xH	Oil	1.30	0.20	0.17		√w/stopper	0		0		0	0	O	
		60x		0.85	0.40-0.31	0.11-0.23	1	1	0	•	0		0	0	0	
ğ		60xSH (with iris)	Oil	0.50-1.25	0.22	0.17		1	0	00	0		0	0	0	
Plan Fluor		100x		0.90	0.32-0.28	0.14-0.20	1	1	0	•	0		0	0	0	
lar		100xH	Oil	1.30	0.20	0.17		√w/stopper	0		0		0	0	0	
-		100xSH (with iris)	Oil	0.50-1.30	0.20	0.17		1	0	00	0		0	0	0	
		DL 4x		0.13	16.40	1.2			0			O PHL		0	0	
	Phase contrast (CFI Plan Fluor)	DLL 10x		0.30	16.00	0.17			0	Δ		© PH1		0	0	
		DL 10x		0.30	15.20	1.2			0	Δ		© PH1		0	0	
		DLL 20x		0.50	2.10	0.17			0	00		© PH1		0	0	
		DLL 40x		0.75	0.66	0.17		1	0	00		O PH2		0	0	
		DM 40xDS		0.75	0.66	0.17		1	0	0•		© PH2		0	0	
	A. F. L.L	DLL 100xH	Oil	1.30	0.16	0.17		√w/stopper	0			© PH3		0	0	_
	Apodized phase contrast (CFI Plan Fluor)	ADH 100xH	Oil	1.30	0.16	0.17		√w/stopper	0			© PH3		0	0	
		2x		0.10	8.50	—			0				0	0	\triangle	
		4x		0.20	20.00	-			0				0	0	\triangle	
		10x		0.45	4.00	0.17			0	\triangle	0		0	0	\triangle	
		20x		0.75	1.00	0.17		1	0	0	0		0	0	\triangle	
		VC 20x		0.75	1.00	0.17		1	0	$\bigcirc \bullet$	0		0	0	\triangle	
		40x		0.95	0.16-0.12	0.11-0.23	1	1	0		0		0	0	\triangle	
	Brightfield (CFI Plan	40xH	Oil	1.00	0.16	0.17		√w/stopper	0		0		0	0		
đ	Apo)	60x		0.95	0.17-0.13	0.11-0.23	1	1	0	•	0		0	0	Δ	
		VC 60xH	Oil	1.40	0.13	0.17		1	0		0	EXT PH3-60x	0	0	Δ	
		VC 60xA WI	Water	1.20	0.31-0.28	0.15-0.18	1	1	0	•	0	EXT PH3-60x	0	0	O	
5		VC 100xH	Oil	1.40	0.13	0.17		1	0		0	EXT PH3-100x	0	O	\bigtriangleup	
		NCG 100xH	Oil	1.40	0.16	0		1	0		0		0	0	Δ	
		DM 20x		0.75	1.00	0.17		1	0	$\bigcirc \bullet$		O PH2		0	Δ	
	Phase	DM 40x		0.95	0.16-0.12	0.11-0.23	1	1	0	•		O PH2		0	\triangle	
	contrast	DM 40xH	Oil	1.00	0.16	0.17		√w/stopper	0	•		O PH3		0	\triangle	
	(CFI Plan Apo)	DM 60x		0.95	0.17-0.13	0.11-0.23	1	1	0			© PH2		0	\triangle	
		DM 60xH	Oil	1.40	0.13	0.17		1	0			© PH3		0	Δ	
		DM 100xH	Oil	1.40	0.13	0.17		1	0			© PH3		0	Δ	
		40xWI λS*1	Water	1.25	0.18	0.15-0.19	1	1	0		0		0	0	0	
	Confocal	LWD 40xWI λS*1	Water	1.15	0.60	0.15-0.19	1	1	0		0		0	0	0	
	(CFI Apo)	60xH λS*1	Oil	1.40	0.14	0.17		1	0		0	EXT PH3-60x	0	O	O	_
Apod	Evanescent	TIRF 60xH	Oil	1.49	0.12	0.13-0.19 (23°C) 0.15-0.21 (37°C)	1		0		0	EXT PH4-60x	0	0	Δ	
	(CFI Apo)	TIRF 100xH	Oil	1.49	0.12	0.13-0.19 (23°C) 0.14-0.20 (37°C)	1		0		0	EXT PH4-100x	0	0	Δ	

Type	Use	Model	Immersion	NA	W.D.	Cover glass	Correction	Spring	Brightfield	Darkfield	DIC	Phase	Polarizing	Fluorescence		Near- infrared
Ţ	056	Woder	IIIIIIeisioii	INA	(mm) grass ring loaded brightine		Digittieiu	Darkileiu	DIC	contrast	FUIdITZIIIY	Visible light	UV	DIC		
	Brightfield (CFI Plan Fluor)	10xW	Water	0.30	3.50	0			0		0			0	0	0
	Brightfield (CFI Fluor)	20xW	Water	0.50	2.00	0			0	00	0		0	0	0	0
		40xW	Water	0.80	2.00	0			0	•	0		0	0	◎ Wide	0
ß		60xW	Water	1.00	2.00	0			0	•	0		0	0	0	0
g	Brightfield (CFI Apo)	40xW NIR	Water	0.80	3.50	0			0	•	0		Δ	0	Δ	0
D D		60xW NIR	Water	1.00	2.80	0			0	•	0		Δ	0		0
Water Dipping	Brightfield (CFI Plan)	100xW	Water	1.10	2.50	0	1		0	•	0		Δ	0		0
	Phase contrast (CFI Fluor)	DLL 40xW	Water	0.80	2.00	0			0	•		© PH2		0	0	0
	Brightfield (CFI75)	LWD 16xW*5	Water	0.80	3.00	0			0	•	0		Δ	0	0	0

Note 4. Phase rings are classified by objective NA PHL: for Plan Fluor 4x PH1: NA 0.25 - 0.5 PH2: NA 0.55 - 0.95 PH3: NA 1.0 - 1.40 PH4: NA 1.45 - 1.49 EXT: compatible with external phase contrast of the Ti series

Note 5. Fluorescence microscopy (UV) △ : possible with visible light that has a longer wavelength than the excitation light used for DAPI ○ : suitable © : recommended for best results Wide: high transmittance with an ultraviolet wavelength range of up to 340nm

Note 6. Brightfield/DIC/Polarizing/Fluorescence (visible light) microscopy

 \triangle : possible but not recommended \bigcirc : suitable

: recommended for best results

Note 7. Ti-E PFS ● : compatible with PFS (Perfect Focus System) of the Ti-E



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